

### DuPont<sup>™</sup> ISCEON<sup>®</sup> MO89 refrigerant

Version 2.2

Revision Date 09/12/2011

Ref. 130000027357

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

#### SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name Tradename/Synonym	:	DuPont <sup>™</sup> ISCEON <sup>®</sup> MO89 refrigerant ISCEON <sup>®</sup>
MSDS Number	:	13000027357
Product Use	:	Refrigerant
Manufacturer	:	DuPont 1007 Market Street Wilmington, DE 19898
Product Information Medical Emergency Transport Emergency	:	1-800-441-7515 (outside the U.S. 1-302-774-1000) 1-800-441-3637 (outside the U.S. 1-302-774-1139) CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887)

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Emergency Overview Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may lead to death without warning. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.

Potential Health Effects Skin	:	Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns and frostbite.
Eyes	:	Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns and frostbite.

Material Safety I	Data Sheet
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### DuPont<sup>™</sup> ISCEON<sup>®</sup> MO89 refrigerant Version 2.2 Revision Date 09/12/2011 Ref. 130000027357 Inhalation : Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without warning symptoms, due to cardiac effects. Other symptoms potentially related to misuse or inhalation abuse are: Anaesthetic effects, Light-headedness, dizziness, confusion, incoordination, drowsiness, or unconsciousness, irregular heartbeat with a strange sensation in the chest, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting, dizziness or weakness. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Carcinogenicity None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen. SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS Component CAS-No. Concentration Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125) 354-33-6 86 % Perfluoropropane (FC-218) 76-19-7 9% Propane 74-98-6 5% SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Consult a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Treat for frostbite if necessary by gently warming affected area. : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 Eye contact minutes. Consult a physician if necessary. 2/12



### DuPont<sup>™</sup> ISCEON<sup>®</sup> MO89 refrigerant Version 2.2 Revision Date 09/12/2011 Ref. 130000027357 Inhalation : Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Consult a physician. Ingestion : Is not considered a potential route of exposure. General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Notes to physician : Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support should be used with special caution.

#### SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties Flash point	: does not flash
Lower explosion limit	: Method : None per ASTM E681-98
Upper explosion limit	: Method : None per ASTM E681-98The "as formulated product" has been determined to be non-flammable per ASTM 681-98. Computer model calculations indicate, under certain leak conditions at normal use and handling temperatures, the vapor above the liquid can become flammable. For the product to ignite, the volume % of vapor in air would have to exceed approximately 7% and an ignition source of sufficient energy would need to be present. Take appropriate precautions to avoid these conditions.
Fire and Explosion Hazard	: Cylinders are equipped with pressure and temperature relief devices, but may still rupture under fire conditions. Decomposition may occur.
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#### DuPont<sup>™</sup> ISCEON<sup>®</sup> MO89 refrigerant Version 2.2 Revision Date 09/12/2011 Ref. 130000027357 Contact of welding or soldering torch flame with high concentrations of refrigerant can result in visible changes in the size and colour of the torch flame. This flame effect will only occur in concentrations of product well above the recommended exposure limit. Therefore stop all work and ventilate to disperse refrigerant vapors from the work area before using any open flames. This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to 100 deg. C (212 deg. F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For example this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak testing or other purposes. Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. **Firefighting Instructions** : Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if containers rupture and contents are released under fire conditions. Water runoff should be contained and neutralized prior to release.

#### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with cleanup. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Spill Cleanup: Recover free liquid for reuse or reclamation.Accidental Release Measures: Prevent material from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.<br/>Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might<br/>collect. Avoid open flames and high temperatures. Self-contained breathing<br/>apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release occurs.



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DuPont <sup>™</sup> ISCEON <sup>®</sup> MO8	39 refrigerant
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ECTION 7. HANDLING AND STO	DRAGE
Handling (Personnel)	: Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits. Contact with chlorine or other strong oxidizing agents should also be avoided.
Storage	<ul> <li>Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (&gt;3000 psig) piping or systems. Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Keep away from heat. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the cylinder. Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over.</li> <li>Separate full containers from empty containers. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52 °C. Do not store near combustible materials. Avoid area where salt or other corrosive materials are present.</li> </ul>
	sait of other conosive materials are present.
ECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTRO	OLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits. Local exhaust should be used when large amounts are released. Mechanical ventilation should be used in low or enclosed places. Refrigerant concentration monitors may be necessary to determine vapour concentrations
Engineering controls	OLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits. Local exhaust should be used when large amounts are released. Mechanical ventilation should be used in low or enclosed places. Refrigerant concentration monitors may be necessary to determine vapour concentrations in work areas prior to use of torches or other open flames, or if employees are entering enclosed areas.
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Engineering controls Personal protective equipment	<ul> <li>OLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION</li> <li>Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits. Local exhaust should be used when large amounts are released. Mechanical ventilation should be used in low or enclosed places. Refrigerant concentration monitors may be necessary to determine vapour concentrations in work areas prior to use of torches or other open flames, or if employees are entering enclosed areas.</li> <li>Under normal manufacturing conditions, no respiratory protection is required</li> </ul>
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	occurs.			
Exposure Guidelines Exposure Limit Values Pentafluoroethane				
AEL *	(DUPONT)	1,000 ppm	8 & 12 hr. TWA	
Propane PEL:	(OSHA)	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	8 hr. TWA
TLV	(ACGIH)	1,000 ppm	TWA	
are lower than the AEL ar	re in effect, such	limits shall take		cupational exposure limits whic
	CHEMICAL PRO : Liquefied : colourles : slight, et : neutral : -53.4 °C : 100 % : 15,276 h : 1.09 at 2 : not deter	limits shall take <b>PERTIES</b> d gas ss her-like (-64.1 °F) Pa at 25 °C (77 25 °C (77 °F) rmined	precedence.	cupational exposure limits whic
are lower than the AEL ar <b>CTION 9. PHYSICAL AND (</b> Form Color Odor pH Boiling point % Volatile Vapour Pressure Specific gravity Water solubility Vapour density <b>CTION 10. STABILITY AND</b> Stability Conditions to avoid	CHEMICAL PRO : Liquefied : colourles : slight, et : -53.4 °C : 100 % : 15,276 h : 1.09 at 2 : not deter : 4.0 at 25 PREACTIVITY : Stable at : Avoid op	Imits shall take	<ul> <li>⁰F)</li> <li>013 hPa (Air=1.0)</li> <li>atures and storage conditional storage condi</li></ul>	ditions.
are lower than the AEL ar <b>CTION 9. PHYSICAL AND (</b> Form Color Odor pH Boiling point % Volatile Vapour Pressure Specific gravity Water solubility Vapour density <b>CTION 10. STABILITY AND</b> Stability	CHEMICAL PRO : Liquefied : colourles : slight, et : -53.4 °C : 100 % : 15,276 h : 1.09 at 2 : not deter : 4.0 at 25 PREACTIVITY : Stable at : Avoid op	Imits shall take	<ul> <li>°F)</li> <li>013 hPa (Air=1.0)</li> <li>atures and storage conditional storage condite storage condite storage conditional storage conditional s</li></ul>	



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Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products are hazardous., This material can be decomposed by high temperatures (open flames, glowing metal surfaces, etc.) forming hydrofluoric acid and possibly carbonyl fluoride., These materials are toxic and irritating., Avoid contact with decomposition products
Hazardous reactions	: Polymerization will not occur.
SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL	INFORMATION
Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125) Dermal	: not applicable

Dermal	:	not applicable
Oral	:	not applicable
Inhalation 4 h LC50	:	> 800000 ppm , rat
Inhalation	:	dog Cardiac sensitization
Skin irritation	:	No skin irritation, Not tested on animals Not expected to cause skin irritation based on expert review of the properties of the substance.
Eye irritation	:	No eye irritation, Not tested on animals Not expected to cause eye irritation based on expert review of the properties of the substance.
Skin sensitization	:	Does not cause skin sensitization., Not tested on animals Not expected to cause sensitization based on expert review of the properties of the substance.
		There are no reports of human respiratory sensitization.
Repeated dose toxicity	:	Inhalation rat No toxicologically significant effects were found.
Carcinogenicity	:	Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not carcinogenic.
Mutagenicity	:	Did not cause genetic damage in animals.
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		Did not cause genetic damage in cultured mammalian cells. Did not cause genetic damage in cultured bacterial cells.
	Reproductive toxicity	: Evidence suggests the substance is not a reproductive toxin in animals. Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
	Teratogenicity	: Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.
	Further information	: Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : 490000 mg/m3
Perfluorop	ropane (FC-218) Dermal	: not applicable
	Oral	: not applicable
	Inhalation 4 h LC50	: > 110000 ppm , rat
	Inhalation Low Observed Adverse Effect Concentration (LOAEC) Inhalation No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration (NOAEC)	<ul> <li>: 400000 ppm , dog</li> <li>: 300000 ppm , dog</li> </ul>
	Skin irritation	: Not expected to cause skin irritation based on expert review of the properties of the substance.
	Eye irritation	: Not expected to cause eye irritation based on expert review of the properties of the substance.
	Skin sensitization	: Not expected to cause sensitization based on expert review of the properties of the substance.
	Repeated dose toxicity	: Inhalation multiple species No toxicologically significant effects were found.
	Mutagenicity	: Did not cause genetic damage in animals. Did not cause genetic damage in cultured bacterial cells.
	Further information	: Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : 3080000 mg/m3
Propane		
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Dermal	: not applicable
Oral	: not applicable
Inhalation 4 h LC50	: > 200000 ppm , rat
Inhalation	: dog Cardiac sensitization
Skin irritation	: not applicable
Eye irritation	: not applicable
Skin sensitization	: not applicable
Repeated dose toxicity	: Inhalation rat No toxicologically significant effects were found.
Mutagenicity	: Did not cause genetic damage in cultured bacterial cells.
Further information	: Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : 180369 mg/m3
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFOR	MATION
Aquatic Toxicity Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125) 96 h LC50	: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) > 81.8 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
96 h LC50	: Danio rerio (zebra fish) > 200 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

## 96 h LC50 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 450 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances. 72 h EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) > 118 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

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72 h E	C50	: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) > 114 mg/l
		Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
96 h E	:C50	: Algae 142 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
48 h E	C50	: Daphnia magna (Water flea) > 200 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
48 h E	C50	: Daphnia magna (Water flea) > 97.9 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
Additional ecol	ogical information	: No information on ecology is available.
Environmental F	Hazards : Em	npty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.
DOT	UN number	: 1078
IATA_C	Proper shipping na Class Labelling No. UN number	me : Refrigerant gas, n.o.s. (Pentafluoroethane, Perfluoropropane) : 2.2 : 2.2 : 1078
	Proper shipping na Class	me : Refrigerant gas, n.o.s. (Pentafluoroethane, Perfluoropropane) : 2.2
IMDG	Labelling No. UN number	: 2.2 : 2.2 : 1078
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Proper ship Class Labelling N	Perfluoropropane) : 2.2
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INF SARA 313 Regulated Chemical(s)	ORMATION : SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels
	established by SARA Title III, Section 313.
California Prop. 65	: Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or any other harm: none known
PA Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s)	: Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances): Propane
NJ Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s)	: Substances on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as carcinogens, mutagens or teratogens): Propane
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMAT	10.N
	HMIS
Health Flammability Reactivity/Physical hazard PPE	1 0 Personal Protection rating to be supplied by user depending on use conditions.
Before use read DuPont's safe	. du Pont de Nemours and Company ety information. t the local DuPont office or DuPont's nominated distributors.
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<sup>®</sup> DuPont's registered trademark

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Significant change from previous version is denoted with a double bar.

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