

Freon™ 422D/MO29 Refrigerant (R-422D)

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 21.04.2023

 8.1
 19.10.2023
 1331254-00049
 Date of first issue: 27.02.2017

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Freon™ 422D/MO29 Refrigerant (R-422D)

SDS-Identcode : 130000027389

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-

stance/Mixture

: Refrigerant

Recommended restrictions

on use

For professional and industrial installation and use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Chemours Netherlands B.V.

Baanhoekweg 22

3313 LA Dordrecht Netherlands

Telephone : +31-(0)-78-630-1011

Telefax : +31-78-6163737

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: sds-support@chemours.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+(44)-870-8200418 (CHEMTREC - Recommended)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Gases under pressure, Liquefied gas H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if

heated.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

 \Diamond

Signal word : Warning



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Hazard statements : H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements : Storage:

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated

place.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without warning symptoms, due to cardiac effects.

Rapid evaporation of the product may cause frostbite.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Pentafluoroethane#	354-33-6 206-557-8 01-2119485636-25	Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280	65
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane#	811-97-2 212-377-0 01-2119459374-33	Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280	31,5
Isobutane	75-28-5 200-857-2 601-004-00-0	Flam. Gas 1A; H220 Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280 STOT SE 3; H336	3,4582

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#: Voluntarily-disclosed substance

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.



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Protection of first-aiders : No special precautions are necessary for first aid responders.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact : Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected

area.

Get medical attention immediately.

In case of eye contact : Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Other symptoms potentially related to misuse or inhalation

abuse are

Cardiac sensitisation Anaesthetic effects Light-headedness

Dizziness confusion

Lack of coordination

Drowsiness Unconsciousness

Risks : Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing.

Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns

and frostbite.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, cate-

cholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support should be used with spe-

cial caution.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Not applicable

Will not burn

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Not applicable Will not burn

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting



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due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Fluorine compounds
Carbon oxides

Hydrogen fluoride carbonyl fluoride

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).

Ventilate the area.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Ventilate the area.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use a backflow

preventative device in piping. Close valve after each use and



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when empty.

Local/Total ventilation Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling Avoid breathing gas.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Wear cold insulating gloves/ face shield/ eye protection. Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet

piped to use point.

Prevent backflow into the gas tank.

Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent haz-

ardous back flow into the cylinder.

Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder

to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems.

Close valve after each use and when empty. Do NOT change

or force fit connections.

Prevent the intrusion of water into the gas tank.

Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders.

Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye Hygiene measures

> flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contami-

nated clothing before re-use.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Separate full containers from empty containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Avoid area where salt or other corrosive materials are present. Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight. Store in

accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Oxidizing agents Flammable liquids Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit

flammable gases

Explosives



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Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures Acutely toxic substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures with chronic toxicity

Storage period : > 10 yr

Recommended storage tem-

perature

: < 52 °C

Further information on stor-

age stability

The product has an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Pentafluoroethane	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	16444 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1753 mg/m3
1,1,1,2- Tetrafluoroethane	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	13936 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2476 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Pentafluoroethane	Fresh water	0,1 mg/l
	Freshwater - intermittent	1 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,6 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	Fresh water	0,1 mg/l
	Marine water	0,01 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	1 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,75 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Sewage treatment plant	73 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment



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Eye/face protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.

Face-shield

Hand protection

Material : Low temperature resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change

gloves often!

Skin and body protection : Skin should be washed after contact.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Organic gas and low boiling vapour type (AX)

Protective measures : Wear cold insulating gloves/ face shield/ eye protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Liquefied gas

Colour : colourless

Odour : slight, ether-like

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

-43,2 °C (1.013 hPa)

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Will not burn

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Upper flammability limit Method: ASTM E681



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None.

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Lower flammability limit Method: ASTM E681

None.

Vapour pressure : 11.279 hPa (25 °C)

Relative vapour density : 3,9

Relative density : 1,15 (25 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable if used as directed. Follow precautionary advice and avoid incompatible materials and conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to

100 °C (212 °F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxy-



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gen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For example this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak testing or other

purposes.

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Pentafluoroethane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 800000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

No observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 75000 ppm

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit (Dog): 368,159 mg/m3

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 567000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

No observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 40000 ppm



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Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Lowest observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 80000

ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Symptoms: May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit (Dog): 334.000 mg/m3

Test atmosphere: gas

Symptoms: May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Isobutane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 570000 ppm

Exposure time: 15 min Test atmosphere: gas

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Exposure routes : Skin contact Result : negative

Exposure routes : Inhalation Species : Rat Result : negative



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Exposure routes : Inhalation Species : Humans Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Pentafluoroethane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with

mammalian liver cells in vivo

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.



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Isobutane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Pentafluoroethane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:



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Effects on fertility : Species: Mouse

Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

Isobutane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Exposure routes : inhalation (gas)

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 20000 ppmV/4h or less

Isobutane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Exposure routes : inhalation (gas)

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less.



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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Pentafluoroethane:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 50000 ppm LOAEL : >50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 2 yr

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Isobutane:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9000 ppm
Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 6 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

No aspiration toxicity classification

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Pentafluoroethane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 450 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.1

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 980 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.2

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (green algae): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Pentafluoroethane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Isobutane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Pentafluoroethane:

Partition coefficient: n- : Pow: 1,48

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.



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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 1,06

Isobutane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2,8

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes

are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in

discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

 ADN
 : UN 1078

 ADR
 : UN 1078

 RID
 : UN 1078



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IMDG : UN 1078 IATA : UN 1078

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

ADR : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

RID : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

IMDG : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

IATA : Refrigerant gas, n.o.s.

(Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

ADN : 2 2.2 **ADR** : 2 2.2

RID : 2 2.2, (13)

IMDG : 2.2 IATA : 2.2

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2A Hazard Identification Number : 20 Labels : 2.2

ADR

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2A
Hazard Identification Number : 20
Labels : 2.2
Tunnel restriction code : (C/E)

RID

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2A Hazard Identification Number : 20 Labels : 2.2 ((13))

IMDG

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.2 EmS Code : F-C, S-V

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 200



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aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation Labels : Non-flammable, non-toxic Gas

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen: :

ger aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : Non-flammable, non-toxic Gas

200

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : no

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Montreal Protocol : Pentafluoroethane

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Freon™ and any associated logos are trademarks or copy-

rights of The Chemours Company FC, LLC.

Chemours™ and the Chemours Logo are trademarks of The

Chemours Company.

Before use read Chemours safety information.

For further information contact the local Chemours office or

nominated distributors.

Items where changes have been made to the previous version

are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical

lines.



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Full text of H-Statements

H220 : Extremely flammable gas.

H280 : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Full text of other abbreviations

Flam. Gas : Flammable gases
Press. Gas : Gases under pressure

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule: ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

Sheet cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Classification of the mixture:

Classification procedure:

Press. Gas Liquefied gas H280 Based on product data or assessment



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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

EG / EN